# annual gathering

Nov. 13 – 14, 2019 Frauenthal Theater Muskegon, MI



# Building an Inclusive and Equitable Community for Local Prosperity

**Featured Speakers** 



Jamie Bracey Green, PhD
Director, Center for Inclusive
Competitiveness® (CIC)
Temple University

Mike Green
Co-founder
ScaleUp Partners LLC



## **INCLUSIVE QUESTION**

# WHO is in the room?



... and who isn't?

## 8 COMMUNITIES OF INFLUENCE

EDUCATION	COMMUNITY	POLICY	FUNDING
K-12 Public Schools Charter / Private Schools Faith-based schools Vocational schools Community Colleges Universities	Social / Health orgs Community Development Housing / Residential Faith-based Non-government orgs Parent / Student groups Fraternities / Sororities Legacy Nonprofits	Government Public-Private Alliances Foundations Professional Associations Elect/Appointed Officials Wealthy/Powerful Individuals	Government/Taxpayers Banks / Financial orgs Foundations Pensions Private Equity Venture Capital Angel Investors Crowdfunders
DEVELOPMENT	INDUSTRY	ENTREPRENEURS	COMMUNICATIONS

Economic Development
Tech-Based Eco Dev
Regional Development
Orgs (CEDS Planning)
Real Estate Development
Public-Private Partners
Faith-based Eco Dev
Universities

Corporations
Mature Large / Small Biz
Successful Startups
Gazelles
Professional Associations
Fraternities/Sororities

Entrepreneurs
Associations
Incubators
Accelerators
Conference/Competitions
Activities/Meetups
Hackathons
Startup Weekends

Media
PR / Marketing
Corporations
Government
Foundations
Policymakers
Newsmakers/Pundits
Columnists



Community Foundation for Muskegon County

# annual gathering

Nov. 13 – 14, 2019 Frauenthal Theater Muskegon, MI



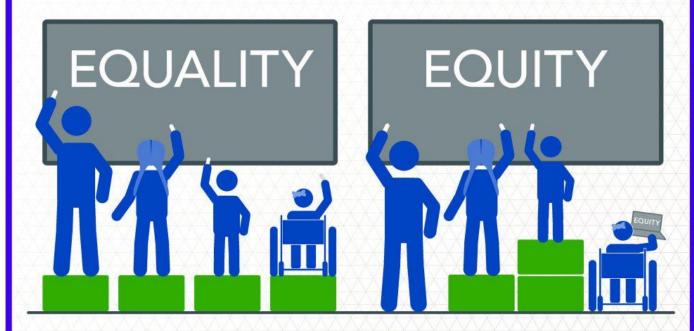
# Building an Inclusive and Equitable Community for Local Prosperity



What do you think of when you hear **EQUITY**?

Equity is when every student has what they need to succeed.





National Alliance For Partnerships In Equity | www.napequity.org

What do these **CEOs** think of when THEY hear **EQUITY**?









### **EQUITY**

is an

### OWNERSHIP STAKE

in the success or failure of an enterprise



People are hungry for a piece of the prosperity pie





People are hungry for a piece of the prosperity pie







## WHO?

owns

Homes Land

**Businesses** 

## EQUITY = OWNERSHIP



## WHO...



has an equity stake in Muskegon's prosperity?

- Owns your employer businesses?
- **Produces** the bulk of business revenue & job growth?
- Benefits most from your investments & planning?
- **Contributes** to the productivity of your innovation ecosystem?
- Generates productivity for your local GDP?
- Starts and grows small businesses?
- Will produce the jobs of tomorrow?
- Owns their own home and who rents?



In 2040, if Muskegon achieves its **current vision** for economic prosperity, will all demographic segments of its population meaningfully contribute and **equitably benefit**?



## **EQUITABLE OWNERSHIP**



What is your **vision**? ⇒ workshop TOMORROW

What is your **strategy**?

What is your plan?

What are your **measures** of progress?

Community Foundation for Muskegon County

# annual gathering

Nov. 13 – 14, 2019 Frauenthal Theater Muskegon, MI



# Building an Inclusive and Equitable Community for Local Prosperity



PROSPERITY is generated through vision, aligned, sustained and focused on ownership & productivity







Byron Allen, 58

#### **OWNER:**

- Entertainment Studios (Valuation \$1B)
- Weather Channel
- 43 Syndicated TV shows
- 21 regional sports networks
- Digital Media Platforms: The Grio

Successfully sued
Comcast (\$20B) and
Charter Communications
(\$10B) in the 9<sup>th</sup> Circuit
Court of Appeals for racial
discrimination.





HOME ARTICLES EVENT CALENDAR SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS VIDEOS ADVERTISE CROSSWORD

## **ECONOMIC**

Lawsuit for Black Media Inclusion to be Heard by US Supreme Court Nov. 13

Q: Can corporate America ignore the Civil Rights Act of 1866?



A slew of Civil Rights organizations, the National Association of Black Journalists, presidential candidates Sens. Kamala Harris and Cory Booker, plus eight of the 55 members of the Congressional Black Caucus, have signed on as friends of the court.

Kristen Clarke, president and executive director of the Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law, described the case as "the most important civil rights case to be heard by the Supreme Court in this term. A negative ruling stands to all but shut the courthouse door on a vast number of victims of discrimination all across the country."

Los Angeles Urban League President and CEO Michael Lawson said what Comcast is doing is a clear violation of a clear violation of the 1866 act which prohibits racial discrimination in business dealings.

Glossary

#### Section 1981 of the Civil Rights Act of 1866 (Section 1981)

A federal law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, color, and ethnicity when making and enforcing contracts.

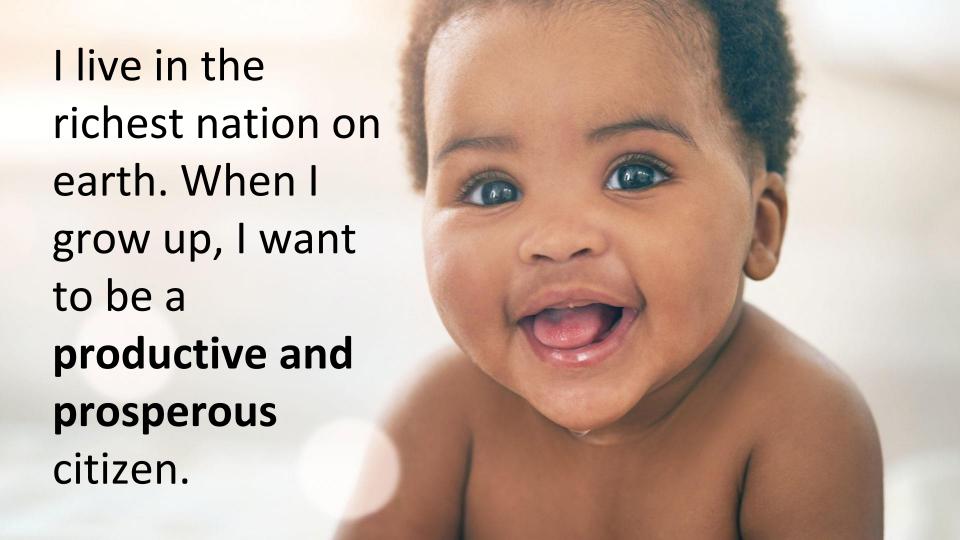
Section 1981 specifically grants all individuals within the US jurisdiction the same rights and benefits as "enjoyed by white citizens" regarding contractual relationships (42 U.S.C. § 1981(a)). Courts have interpreted Section 1981 to apply to the employment context, including at-will employment and the independent contractor relationship. Section 1981 also prohibits retaliation. It does not prohibit discrimination on the basis of any other protected class.

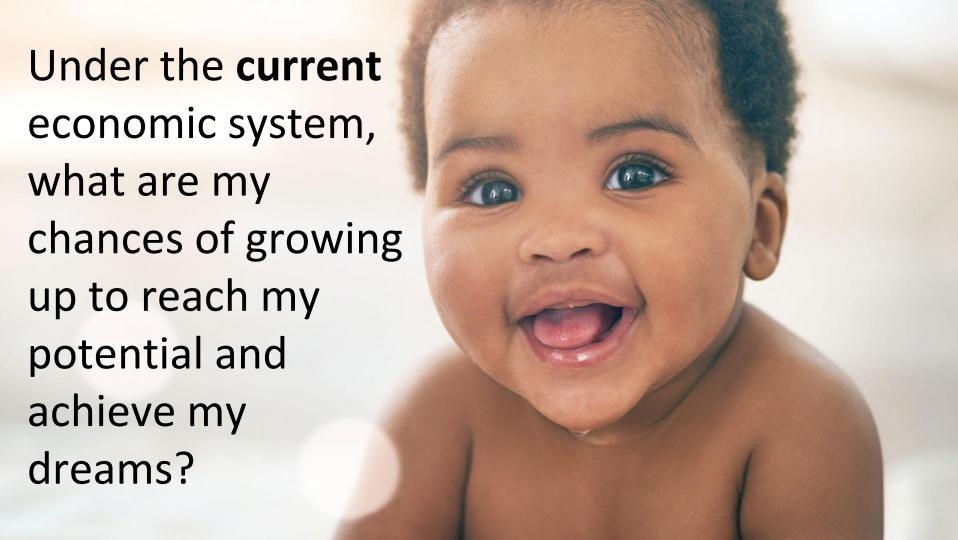
Section 1981 applies to all private employers and labor organizations, but does not apply to discrimination by the US federal government as an employer. It also does not apply to state or local government employers.

Section 1981 does not require an individual to exhaust administrative remedies by filing a charge before any government agency and waiting for that charge to be adjudicated or released before proceeding to court.

There is no damages cap under Section 1981.

For more information, see Practice Note, Race, Color, and National Origin Discrimination Under Title VII and Section 1981: Section 1981 Overview.









CHILDREN IN PRISON MASS INCARCERATION DEATH PENALTY JUST MERCY RACIAL JUSTICE





Photo by Richard Ross

### Latest Data Shows Black Students Disproportionately Suspended, Expelled, Arrested

RACIAL JUSTICE | CHILDREN IN PRISON | MASS INCARCERATION | DEATH PENALTY | JUST MERCY



Photo by Richard Ross

#### Black Children Five Times More Likely Than White Youth to Be Incarcerated

#### **BY THE NUMBERS:**

3 million **INNOCENT** black boys ages 10-15 in US

At least 25% will be incarcerated in next five years\*

83% of released inmates will be re-arrested in 9 years

82% of the aforementioned 83% will be re-arrested within the first 3 years of release

\*Source: Washington Post Factccheck
Source: DOJ Bureau of Justice Statistics



### **3 PIPELINES OF PRODUCTIVITY**

### WORKFORCE



White Collar

Blue Collar

#### **ENTREPRENEURSHIP**



**Business** 

**Ownership** 

**Job Creation** 

Wealth-building

### STEAM EDUCATION

Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts and Math



### GLOBAL COMPETITIVENESS INDEX



#### How do you measure competitiveness?



*Global Rank	Rank difference	2019 Score (0-100) 2018 Score (0-100)	Global Average	Distance to Front
1. Singapore	<b>A</b> 1	84.8		15
		83.5		16
2. United States	▼ 1	83.7		16
		85.6		14
3. Hong Kong SAR	<b>A</b> 4	83.1		16
		82.3		17
4. Netherlands	<b>A</b> 2	82.4		17
	- 2	82.4		17
5. Switzerland ▼ 1	• .	82.3		17
	****	82.6		17
6. Japan ▼		82.3		17
	×401	82.5		17
7. Germany ▼	270	81.8		18
	<b>V</b> 4	82.8		17
8. Sweden   1		81.2		18
	<b>A</b> 1	81.7		18
9. United Kingdom		81.2		18
	<b>V</b> 1	82		

Source: World Economic Forum, The Global Competitiveness Report 2015

### **GLOBAL COMPETITIVENESS INDEX**









Based on 12 drivers of **PRODUCTIVITY**, or "pillars", the framework emphasizes factors that will become more significant as the **Fourth Industrial Revolution** gathers pace, including **HUMAN CAPITAL**, agility, resilience and innovation.

Our state faces two great risks right now: inconsistency and complacency," said Doug Rothwell, CEO of Business Leaders for Michigan. "We must come together around unified strategies for growth and investment during the next decade—strategies that build on the successes of the past decade, rather than starting all over again.

## 2018 Economic Competitiveness Benchmarking Report

Data to Support a Stronger Michigan



## DON'T REINVENT THE WHEEL



Let's make the wheel we already have applicable to, and accessible by more marginalized people



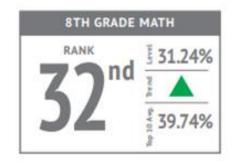
How competitive is **Michigan** compared to other states?

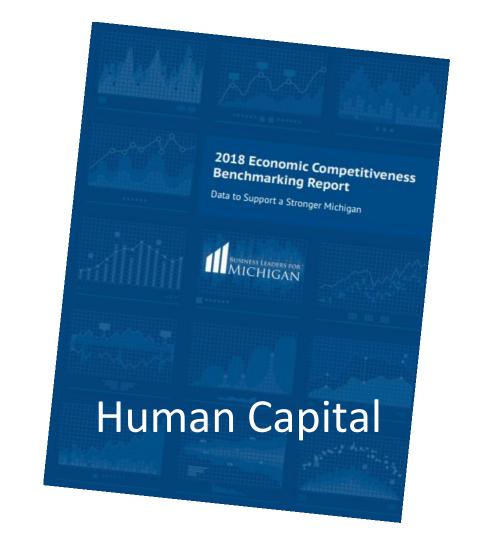
Let's look at human capital

### 4th Grade Reading



#### 8th Grade Math





#### Career & Technical Education Enrollment

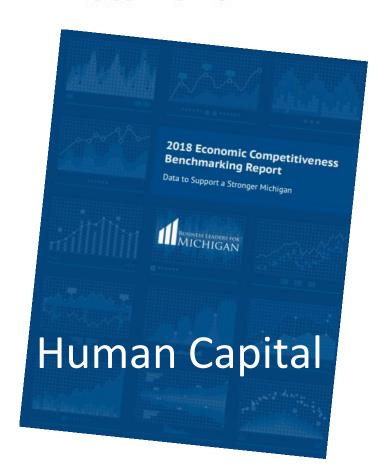


#### What it is:

The average number of career-oriented and/or technical education classes in which public high school students are enrolled.

#### Why it matters:

Serves as a measure of how well high school students are being prepared for highly-skilled technical professions.



## **Active Apprentices**

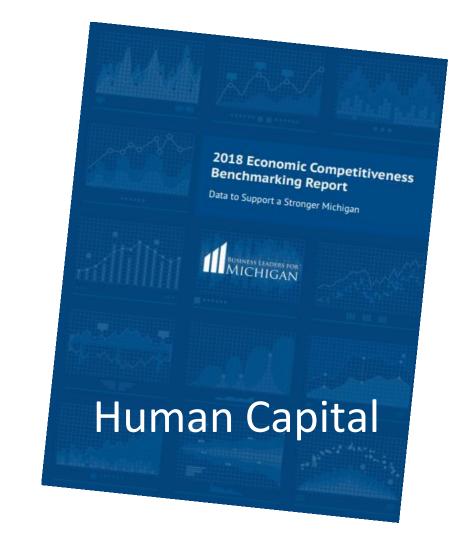


#### What it is:

The number of total active apprentices per 1,000 working age people (ages 20 through 64, inclusive).

#### Why it matters:

A higher number of apprentices indicates states where skilled workers are receiving valuable on-the-job training.



## Career & College Readiness

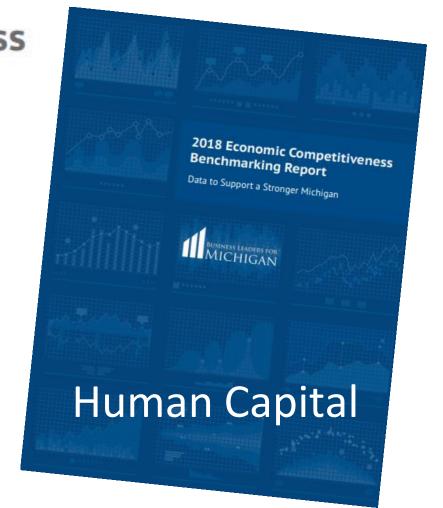


#### What it is:

The share of students who took the SAT and met benchmark standards for both reading and math.

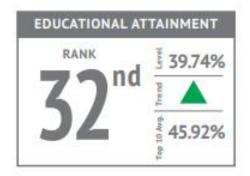
#### Why it matters:

Well-prepared high school graduates help a state maintain a strong talent base.



### **Educational Attainment**

Population age 25-64 with Associate+

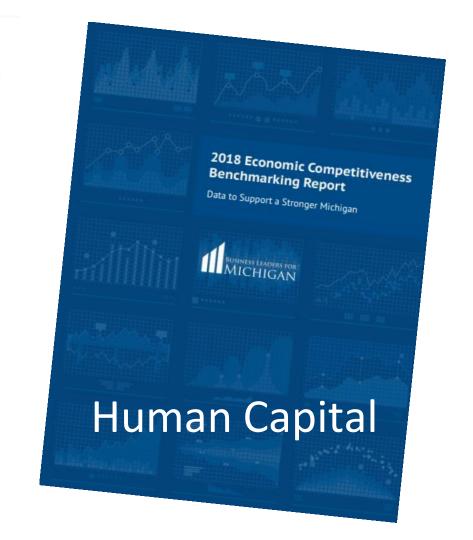


#### What it is:

Share of residents aged 25 to 64 with an associate degree or higher.

#### Why it matters:

The availability of highly educated talent can promote future growth of the economy, particularly in highly skilled professions. More education also correlates strongly with higher wages.



## **Highly Educated Young People**



#### What it is:

The share of residents ages 25 to 34 with a bachelor's degree or higher.

#### Why it matters:

Young, educated residents have the potential to promote innovation and innovation-driven economic growth for years to come.



## **Technical Education**

Critical Skills Degrees & Certificates

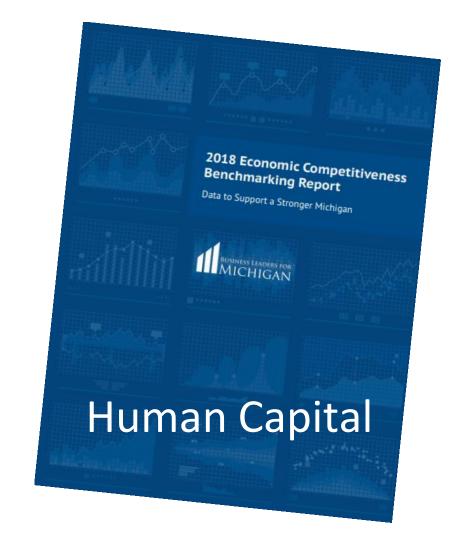


### What it is:

Total critical skills degrees and certificates conferred divided by the working age population (ages 20 through 64, inclusive).

### Why it matters:

These degrees especially prepare students for high-skilled occupations, particularly in the STEM fields, which are the types of jobs Michigan expects to increase in the future.



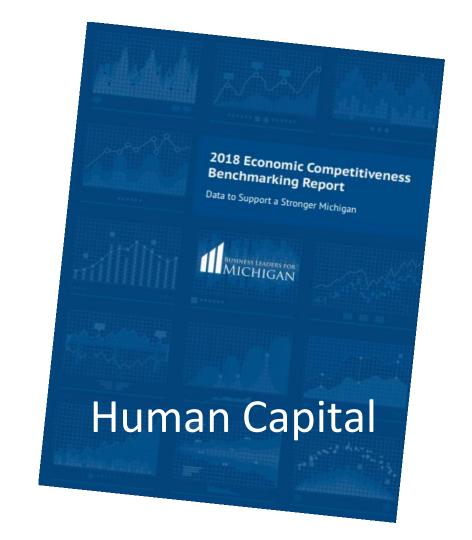
## Per Capita Personal Income





#### What it is:

Personal income (2017 dollars) divided by population. Personal income includes salaries, wages, and bonuses from employment; dividends and interest from investments; rental income; pensions, etc.



## **Unemployment Rate**

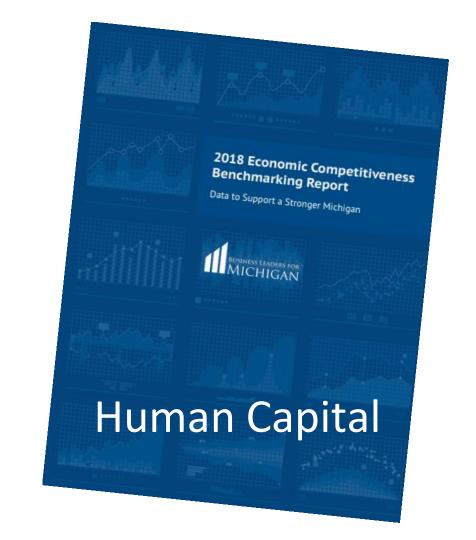


#### What it is:

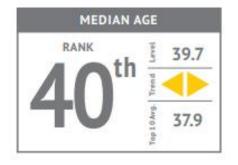
Average share of labor force that is looking for work but does not have a job.

### Why it matters:

A lower unemployment rate indicates that more residents are able to find employment.



## Median Age



Also median age of successful entrepreneurs

#### What it is:

Median age of state residents.

### Why it matters:

Increase in the median age is an indicator of an aging population, where the population growth rate of middle-aged and older residents outpaces that of children and young adults. States with a high median age among residents may be good at attracting retirees, but this also can be a sign that younger people are seeking out other places to work and raise a family.



## **Entrepreneurial Activity**



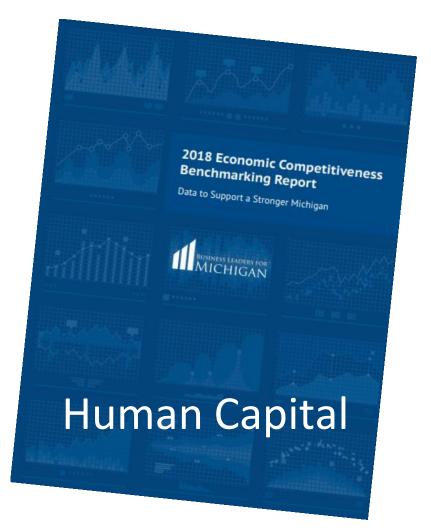
Investing in entrepreneurs

### What it is:

Kauffman Index of Entrepreneurial Activity (the share of individuals age 20 to 64 who previously did not own a business and subsequently started a business with 15 or more hours worked during the year).

#### Why it matters:

This measure indicates the number of entrepreneurs in the state. Greater entrepreneurship, in the right environment, can lead to more innovation and more successful businesses.



## **Net New Establishments**



Entrepreneurs start and grow businesses that create jobs

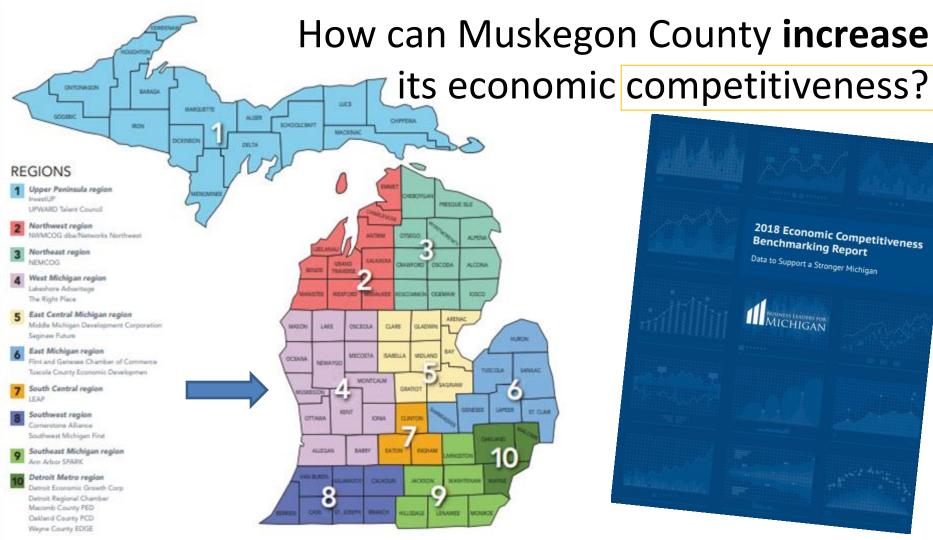
### What it is:

The number of new businesses opened during the year less the number of businesses closed.

### Why it matters:

Independent of employment, new business creation can provide economic growth, a more stable economic foundation, and a more diverse economy.



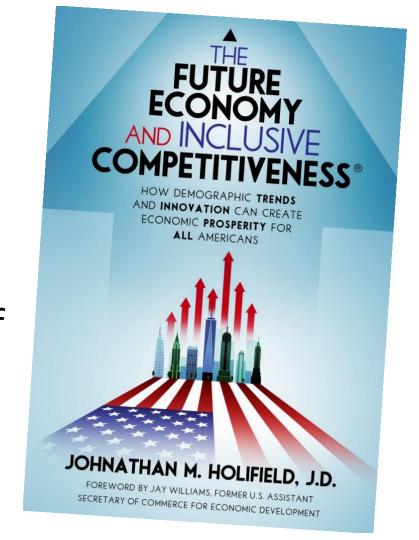




## **HUMAN CAPITAL**

**Inclusive Competitiveness®:** 

Community strategies, systems and frameworks for improving the productivity of underrepresented populations in the global innovation economy.



## Inclusive Competitiveness®:

Community strategies, systems and frameworks for improving the productivity of underrepresented populations in the global innovation economy.

The difference between **ECONOMIC** Competitiveness & **INCLUSIVE** 

Competitiveness is ...

WHO

is prioritized?





To claim a slice of the prosperity pie, we need to have ownership of an equity stake in America

## **WHO**



- Has equitable access to resources?
- Has equitable **ownership**?
- Can contribute value?
- Can produce economic impact?
- Reaps the benefits of prosperity?

Prioritize cultivating local talent through economic gardening & generating productivity through startups & small biz



Which strategy is sustainable? WHO BENEFITS?

Target the free agent market by recruiting corporations via tax & land incentives to relocate to the region

## **WINNING STRATEGY**



+ MVP
Prioritize uplifting the most vulnerable populations
to improve their productivity in the local and regional
Innovation Economy through a 4IR vision

In your local economic ecosystem:

## **WHO**

is competing?
is prepared?
is equipped?
has access?







## WHO will...



- REDESIGN
- REFORM
- RECONSTRUCT

Muskegon's economy?

## **INCLUSIVE QUESTION**

## WHO is in the room?



... and who isn't?

## 8 COMMUNITIES OF INFLUENCE

#### **EDUCATION** COMMUNITY POLICY **FUNDING** K-12 Public Schools Social / Health orgs Government Government/Taxpayers Community Development Public-Private Alliances Banks / Financial orgs Charter / Private Schools Housing / Residential Foundations Faith-based schools Foundations Faith-based Professional Associations Vocational schools Pensions Elect/Appointed Officials Community Colleges Non-government orgs Private Equity Parent / Student groups Wealthy/Powerful Venture Capital Universities Fraternities/Sororities Individuals AngelInvestors Legacy Nonprofits Crowdfunders **ENTREPRENEURS** DEVELOPMENT **INDUSTRY** COMMUNICATIONS

Economic Development
Tech-Based Eco Dev
Regional Development
Orgs (CEDS Planning)
Real Estate Development
Public-Private Partners
Faith-based Eco Dev
Universities

Corporations
Mature Large / Small Biz
Successful Startups
Gazelles
Professional Associations
Fraternities/Sororities

Associations
Incubators
Accelerators
Conference/Competitions
Activities/Meetups
Hackathons
Startup Weekends

Entrepreneurs

Media
PR / Marketing
Corporations
Government
Foundations
Policymakers
Newsmakers/Pundits
Columnists

## Where are we today?

How did we get here?

Where are we going?

## THE AMERICAN DREAM



## **US INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTIONS**





Own Land
Own People
Own Animals
Labor Intensive

## 2nd



### **MANUFACTURING**

Own Production
Control of Workers
Labor Intensive

## 3rd



### INNOVATION

Knowledge-based Tech-driven Globally competitive Global Agenda

WORLD

Fourth Industrial Revolution

## The Fourth Industrial Revolution: what it means, how to respond



The 4IR accelerates creative destruction while introducing new/creative opportunities for new competitors

There are three reasons why today's transformations represent not merely a prolongation of the Third Industrial Revolution but rather the arrival of a <u>FOURTH</u> and distinct one: **velocity, scope, and systems impact**.

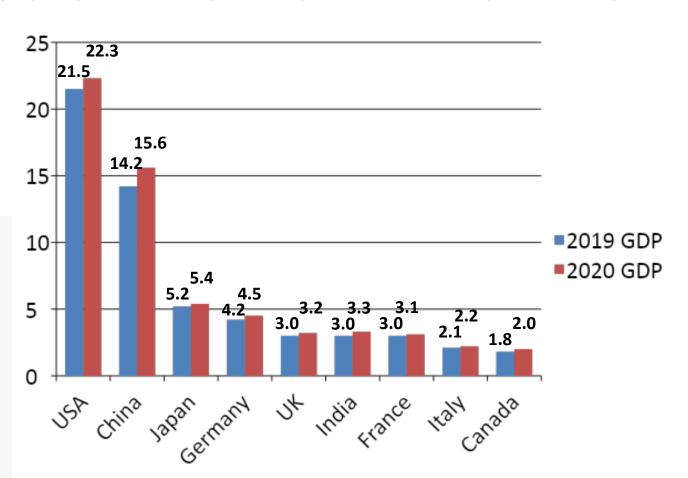
- "The speed of current breakthroughs has no historical precedent. When compared with previous industrial revolutions, the Fourth is evolving at an **exponential rather than a linear pace**.
- "Moreover, it is disrupting almost every industry in every country.

  And the breadth and depth of these changes herald transformation of entire systems of production, management and governance."

### TODAY THE U.S. IS THE WORLD'S WEALTHIEST NATION

WHO
BENEFITS?

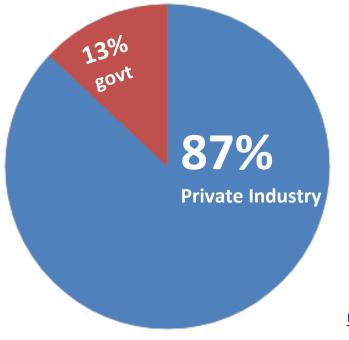




# WHO GENERATES GDP?



## CONTRIBUTION TO US GDP



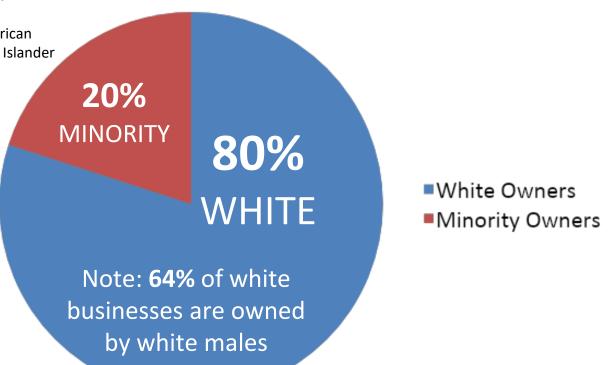
Private IndustryGovernment

University of Navarra – IESE Business School



## **WHO GENERATES** GDP?

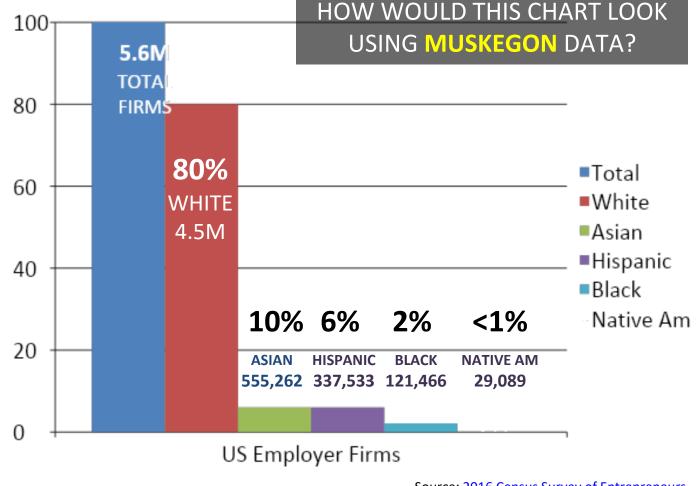




Sources: Kauffman State of Entrepreneurship Report & The Washington Post (Feb 28, 2017, "A great majority of our nation's small business owners are old white men







Source: 2016 Census Survey of Entrepreneurs



### wow!

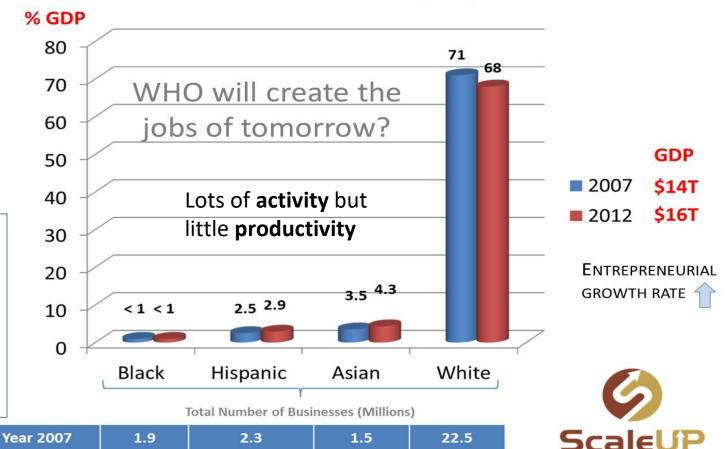
Black-owned businesses have produced **LESS than 1% GDP** for more than 100 years!

Year 2012

2.6

3.3

## **Business Productivity by Race**



1.9

21.5

www.scaleuppartners.com

2018 US population: 327 million

US Employers: 5.6 million

1.7% of pop

actual

White pop: 198 million

Employers: 4.5 million

2.2% of pop

actual

THE POWER OF 1%

**TARGETING 1%** 



= 1,635,262 new employers

**Hispanic pop**: 59 million

Employers: 337,533

0.06% of pop

1% = 590,000 employers

aspirational

Asian pop: 21 million

Employers: 555,262

2.6% of pop\*

actual

Black pop: 44 million

Employers: 121,466

0.02% of pop

1% = 440,000 employers

aspirational 0.006%

Native American & Pacific Islander pop: 5 million

Employers: 34,246

1% = 50,000 employers

aspirational

<sup>\*</sup>An increase to 1% in non-Asian minority employer firms would still be less than half of the 2.6% that represent Asian employer firms Source: 2016 Census data (released Aug 2018)





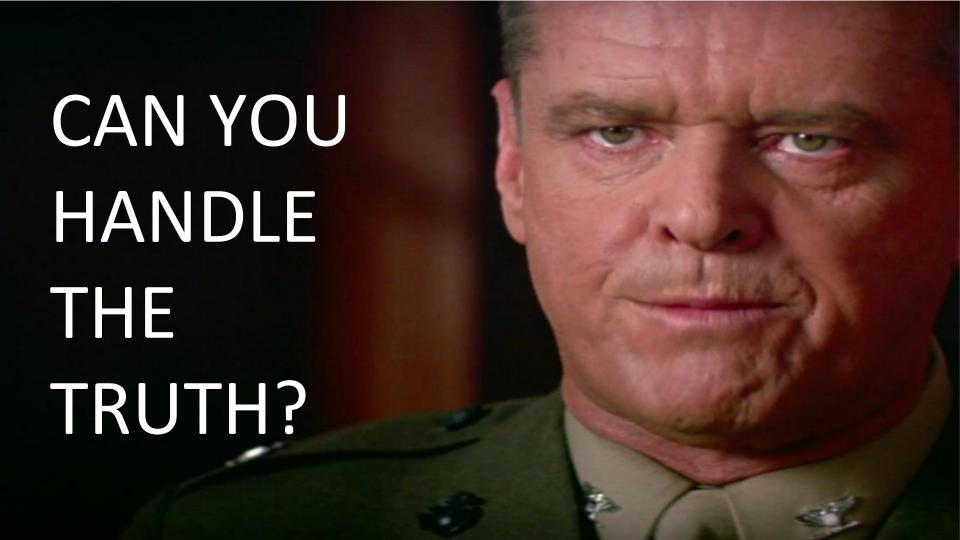
Redesign: 21st Century

for Inclusive Economy

Maintain: 20<sup>th</sup> Century Economic Status Quo







By mid-century, black and Hispanic Americans combined will comprise 42% of the US population.



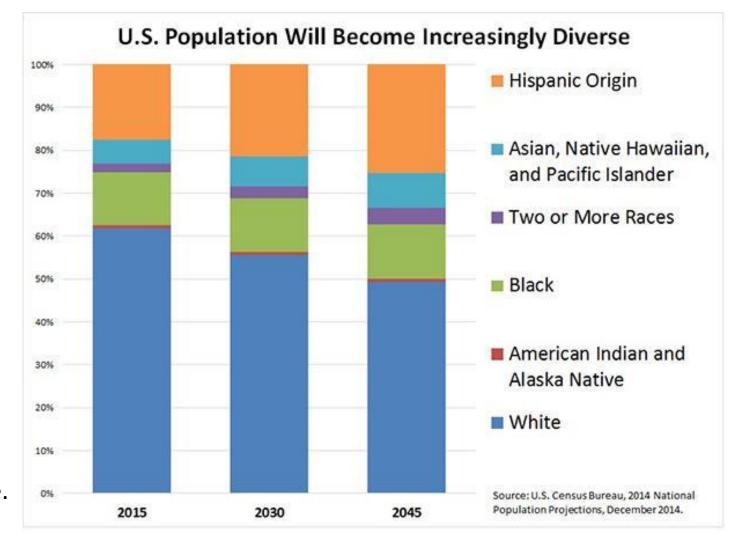




The U.S. is experiencing a demographically-driven national economic imperative.



We can no longer sustain our global competitiveness with so much of our population producing so little.



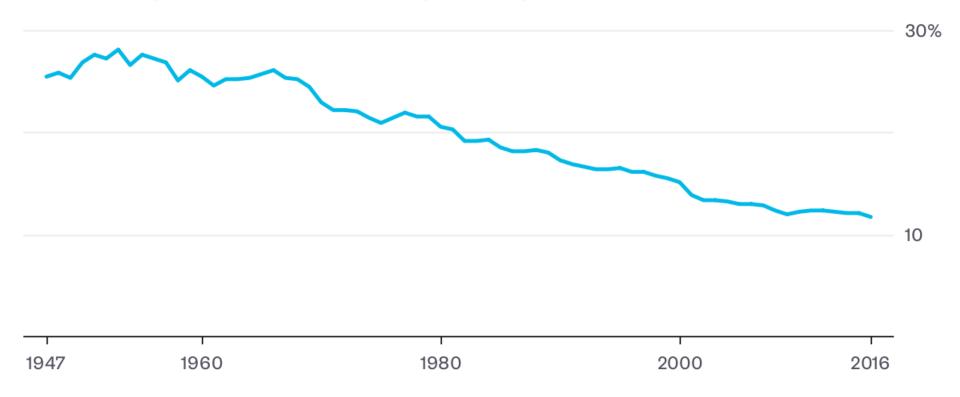
## **BOTTOM LINE**

White Americans can no longer carry the overwhelming majority of the burden of business productivity, job growth and wealth creation.

The 20<sup>th</sup> century exclusionist capitalist framework, established under segregationist policies and practices will **NOT WORK** for a 21st century inclusive multicultural American society.

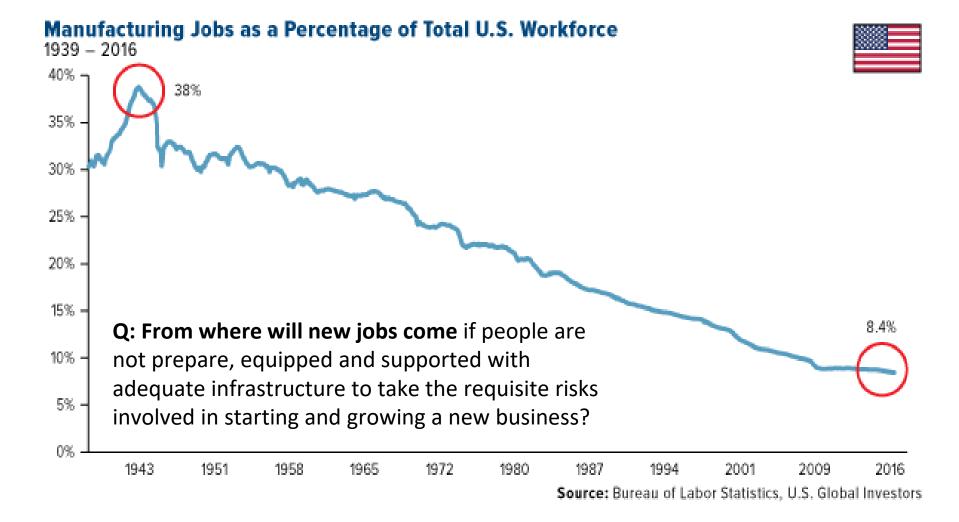
### A Shrinking Economic Role for Manufacturing

Manufacturing value-added as a percentage of U.S. gross domestic product



Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

BloombergView



## WHO CAN COMPETE?



#### FINANCING ENTREPRENEURIAL IDEAS AND SMALL BUSINESSES

MINORITY STARTUP BUSINESS FINANCING & GROWTH OPTIONS									
RACE	Friends Family	Savings	Home Equity	Credit Card	Line of Credit	Bank Loan	Angel/ VC Seed	Seed Grants	Non-traditional* & crowdfunding
Black	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>
Hispanic	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	<b>V</b>	$\checkmark$
Native American	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Pacific Islander	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Asian	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

<sup>\*</sup>CDFI, Kiva and other micro-lenders, competitions and other non-traditional funders

## Here's the staggering amount banks have been fined since the financial crisis

Published: Feb 24, 2018 11:27 a.m. ET



Bank of America, JPMorgan Chase have paid the largest fines







Top banks fined for discriminatory behavior against consumers of color since 2008



WHO
ARE THE
BIGGEST
OFFENDERS?

#### Bank Fine, in billions Bank of America \$76.1 JPMorgan Chase \$43.7 \$19 Citigroup \$14 Deutsche Bank \$11.8 Wells Fargo \$10.1 RBS \$9.3 BNP Paribas \$9.1 Credit Suisse \$8.6 Morgan Stanley Goldman Sachs \$7.7

UBS

\$6.5





Majority-black neighborhoods hold \$609 billion in owner-occupied housing assets and are home to approximately 10,000 public schools and over 3

million businesses. We find that in the average U.S. metropolitan area, homes in neighborhoods where the share of the population is 50 percent black are valued at roughly half the price as homes in neighborhoods with no black residents.



According to our analysis, differences in home and neighborhood quality do not fully explain the devaluation of homes in black neighborhoods.

Homes of similar quality in neighborhoods with similar amenities are worth 23 percent less (\$48,000 per home on average, amounting to \$156 billion in cumulative losses) in majority black neighborhoods, compared to those with very few or no black residents.



Metropolitan areas with greater devaluation of black neighborhoods are more segregated and produce less upward mobility for the black children

who grow up in those communities. This analysis finds a positive and statistically significant correlation between the devaluation of homes in black neighborhoods and upward mobility of black children in metropolitan areas with majority black neighborhoods.



# For people of color, banks are shutting the door to homeownership

By Aaron Glantz and Emmanuel Martinez / February 15, 2018

## REVEAL

The Center for Investigative Reporting









Fifty years after the federal Fair Housing Act banned racial discrimination in lending, African Americans and Latinos continue to be routinely denied conventional mortgage loans at rates far higher than their white counterparts.

This modern-day redlining persisted in 61 metro areas even when controlling for applicants' income, loan amount and neighborhood, according to a mountain of Home Mortgage Disclosure Act records analyzed by Reveal from The Center for Investigative Reporting.

Share On

## Homeownership rate for black Americans drops to record low

The 40.6% rate is lowest in Census quarterly series and the smallest since 1950 decennial data

July 25, 2019, 5:03 pm By Kathleen Howley

The homeownership rate for black Americans fell to 40.6% in the three months through June, the lowest level in the **Census Bureau**'s quarterly data going back to 1994, according to a government report on Thursday. It was the smallest share recorded for black households since the 1950 decennial Census when it was **34.5**%.

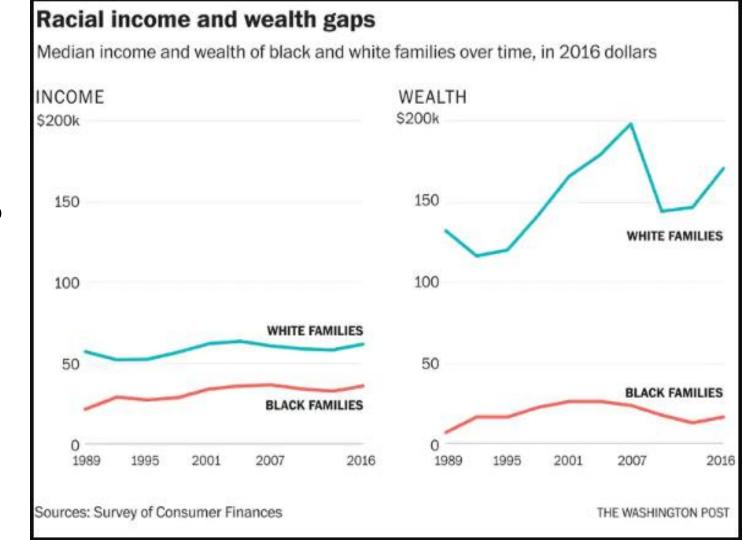
#### **HOMEOWNERSHIP RATES**

July 25, 2019

**BLACK**HISPANIC
41.6%
WHITE
73.1%

Higher-wage jobs produce higher incomes, but only wealth can be transferred from one generation to the next.

Wealth is derived through ownership of assets



# That was no typo: The median net worth of black Bostonians really is \$8

By Akilah Johnson Globe Staff, December 11, 2017, 4:24 p.m.



Politics

World

y Cult

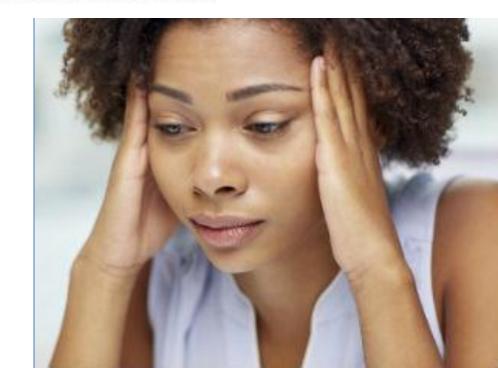
Take Action

RACISM AND DISCRIMINATION POVERTY FAMILIE

#### The Average Black Family Would Need 228 Years to Build the Wealth of a White Family Today

Just as past public policies created the racial wealth gap, current policy widens it.

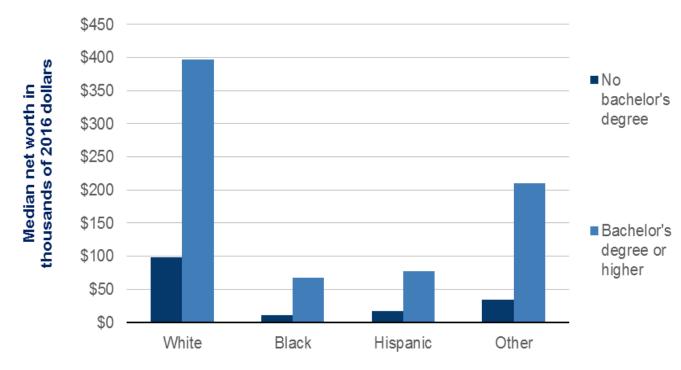
By Joshua Holland y



**Higher education** is vital as an access point to economic opportunity, but alone it fails the competitiveness quotient to adequately prepare and equip black and Latinx Americans.

#### **College Is Not a Cure for Wealth Gaps**

Median net worth of U.S. households in 2016 by race and educational attainment of household head



Source: Lisa J. Dettling, Joanne W. Hsu, Lindsay Jacobs, et al. "Recent Trends in Wealth-Holding by Race and Ethnicity: Evidence from the Survey of Consumer Finances." Federal Reserve Board. September 27, 2017.

BROOKINGS

## HONEST QUESTIONS

Does Muskegon already have an inclusive equitable economic ecosystem?

If yes, how is it measured?
If no, has it ever had one?
If not, why not?





We now know where we are but ...

## HOW DID WE GET HERE?

And where are we going?



Every generation of youth inherits a society built on a foundation of the past and maintenance of the status quo. Still, each generation of youth are handed a baton of responsibility and the burden of redesigning, reforming and reconstructing a societal environment that their parents and grandparents failed to fix.



We were all born into a chapter of US history...

that we didn't write.





To better understand the society we were born into, we must know its history...from the beginning.

## Every generation finds it voice in young people.

Although Greta came from across the ocean to give a message of global implications, her words were reminiscent of the same youthful mantra that we've ignored in the United States for more than 150 years.



This is all wrong. I shouldn't be up here.

You have come to us young people for hope? How dare you!

You have stolen my dreams and my childhood with your empty words.

You are failing us.





1960

Ruby Bridges

6 years old

Integrated first school in

NOLA

Childhood dreams



What is the status of school segregation today?





RACE If I avoid it... RACE RACE RACE RACE RACE RACE RACE will it will go away? When we avoid talking about race ... we're really avoiding the issue of EQUAL VALUE of America's children

When we avoid talking about racial hierarchy... we're really avoiding the issue of WHITE SUPREMACY and the LESSER VALUE ascribed to nonwhite peoples in American society



If adults can't or won't discuss issues of racial hierarchy, how will kids do it?

Our **ADULT** society ascribes a different value to humans based on their race. Kids are then taught these values ...

In home
In school
In media
In their faith
community



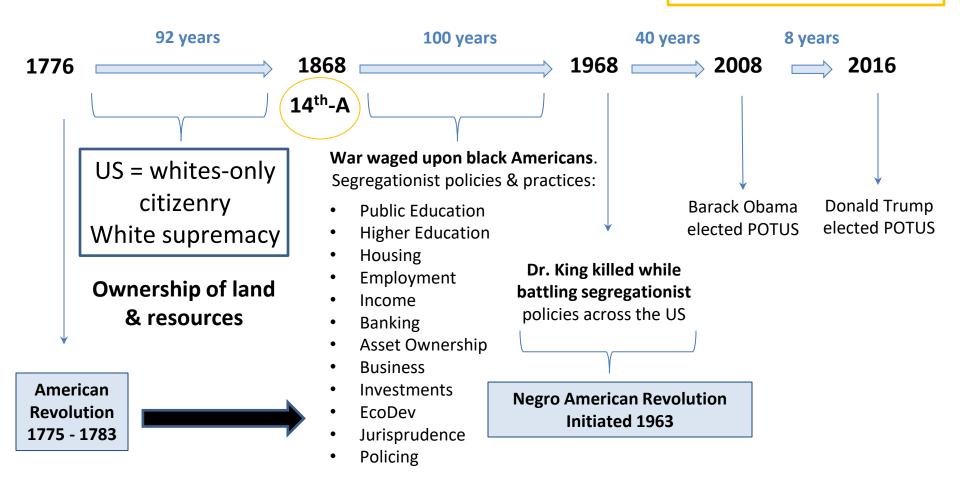


We inherited a deeply flawed society

But we now have power to change it

And empower our kids to redesign it (with us)

## **US** HISTORY IS BUILT ON A FOUNDATION OF RACIAL HIERARCHY

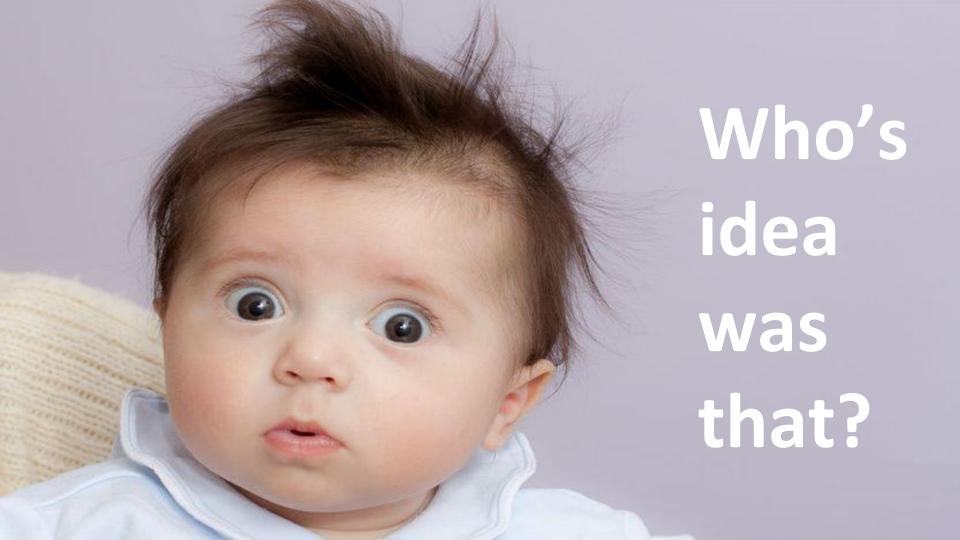


## WHAT IS RACIAL HIERARCHY?

(cornerstone philosophy of white supremacy)

Ranking the races by color and diminishing value ...







# How to Talk to Your Kids About Race in America

Enlightenment: New knowledge, resources and perspectives

Empathy: Insight, genuine curiosity, active listening

Empowerment: Interactive exercises, practical tools, generational equipping

Workshop training for educators, parents and other societal influencers

Let's

COURS IN ASSESS OF THE PERSONS THE

and appearance to be put warmening

ONE ASSESSMENT AND ADDRESSMENT NAME. contract templier of act requirements a

good panying witch a commission gost to Durentine from S. and RS of M. so looks

y too her thus bequires and in hunted, on your

NAME AND POST OF TAXABLE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.

one florethread, florermann party

AND RESIDENCE SPECIAL PROPERTY.



## HISTORICAL CONTEXT

How did WE learn about the society we inherited?



### WHAT IS THE AMERICAN NARRATIVE?

(What is the story we tell ourselves about ourselves?)



**Societal Influencers:** 

family, school, university, religion and media

## **BUILDING A NEW NATION**

#### Founders Constitution 1778

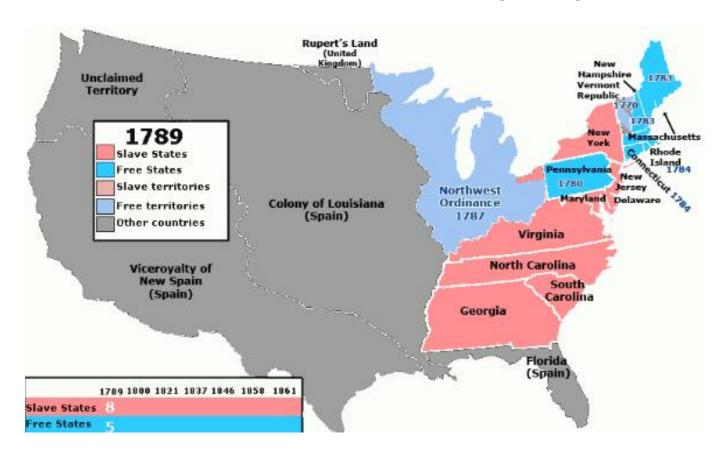
**Article IV.** The better to secure and perpetuate mutual friendship and intercourse among the people of the different states in this union, the free inhabitants of each of these states, paupers, vagabonds and fugitives from justice excepted, shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of free citizens in the several states; and the people of each state shall have free ingress and regress to and from any other state, and shall enjoy therein all the privileges of trade and commerce.

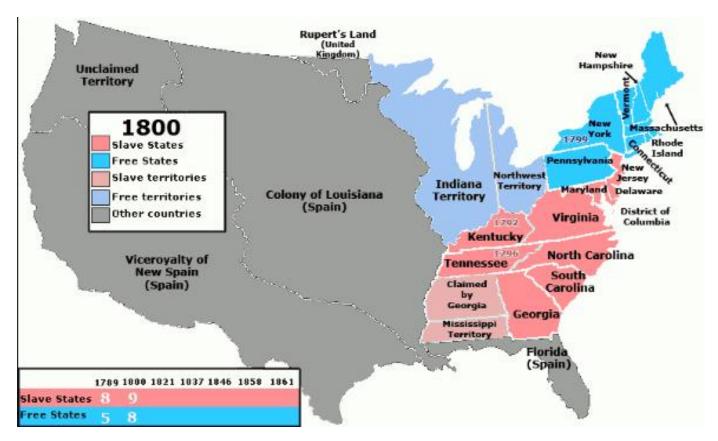
To who did this new citizenship apply?

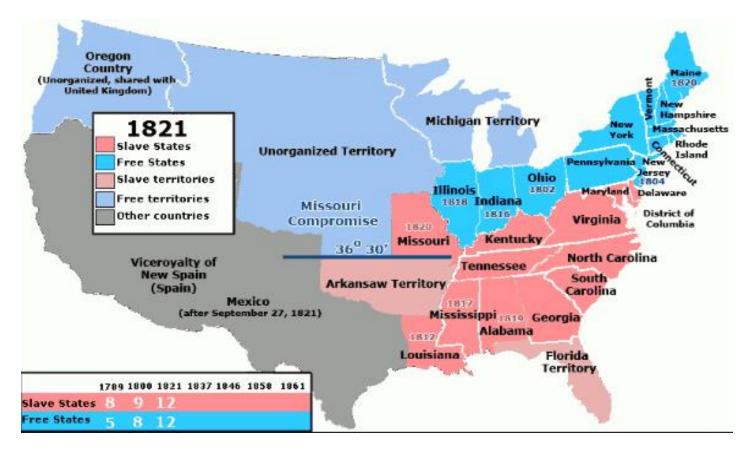
Source: Library of Congress
Online Library

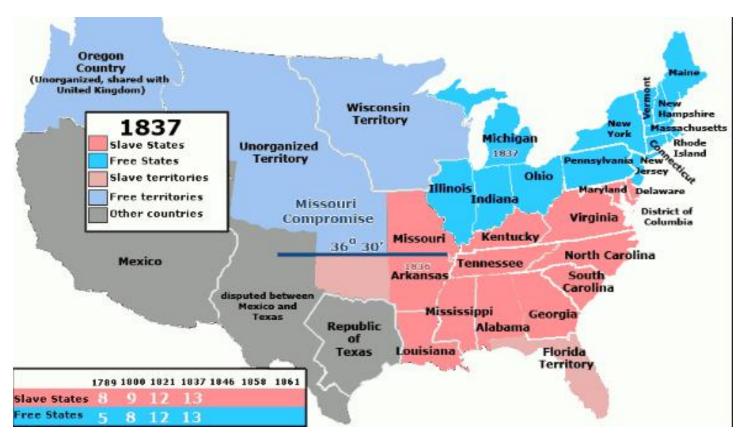
## ONE BIG QUESTION

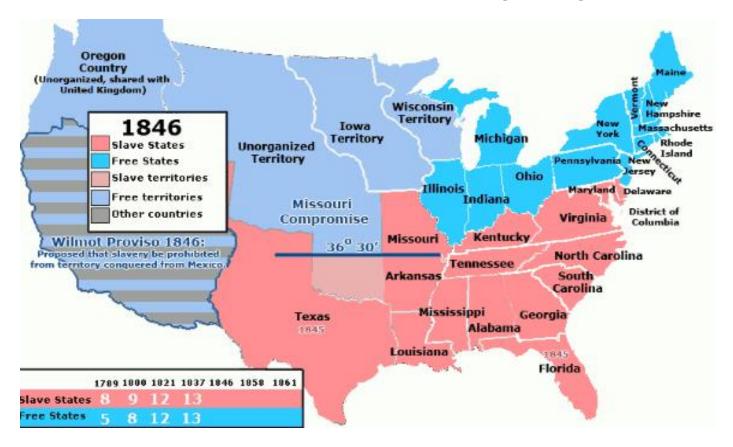


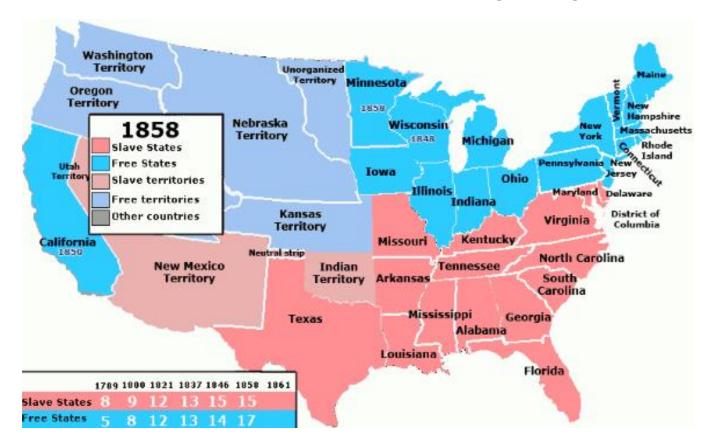












### **CIVIL WAR BEGINS**







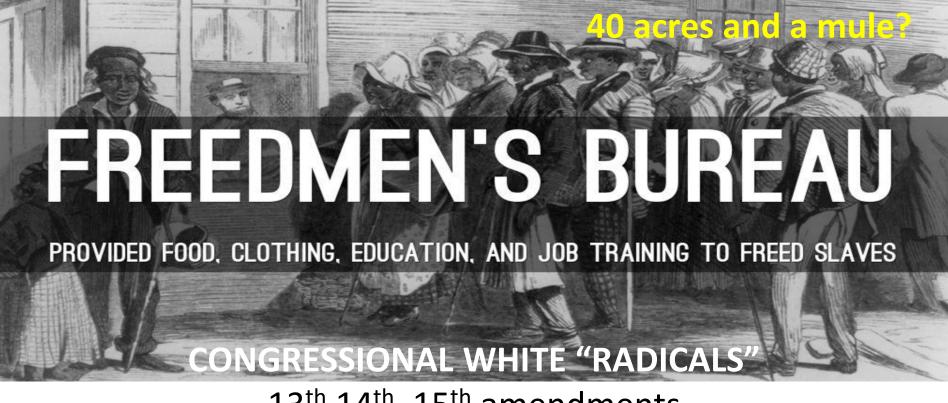
# THE RESULT OF THE FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT. And the Rise and Progress of the African Flace in America and its final Accomplishment, and Celebration on May 1978 A. B. 19300. SHARE WE WELLOW BY ANY WAS ARREST AND W. AND THE RES

#### WHO ARE THE WHITE RADICALS?

White Radicals believed blacks were entitled to the same political rights and opportunities as whites. They also believed that the Confederate leaders should be punished for their roles in the Civil War. Leaders like Pennsylvania REPRESENTATIVE THADDEUS STEVENS and Massachusetts SENATOR CHARLES SUMNER vigorously opposed President Andrew Johnson's lenient policies for the southern states. A great political battle was about to unfold.

At the heart of the beliefs of **WHITE RADICALS** was the notion that blacks must be given a chance to **compete in a free-labor economy**. In 1866, Congress introduced a bill to extend the life of the Freedmen's Bureau and began work on an **1866 CIVIL RIGHTS BILL**.

Source: <a href="http://www.ushistory.org/us/35b.asp">http://www.ushistory.org/us/35b.asp</a>



13<sup>th</sup> 14<sup>th</sup>, 15<sup>th</sup> amendments

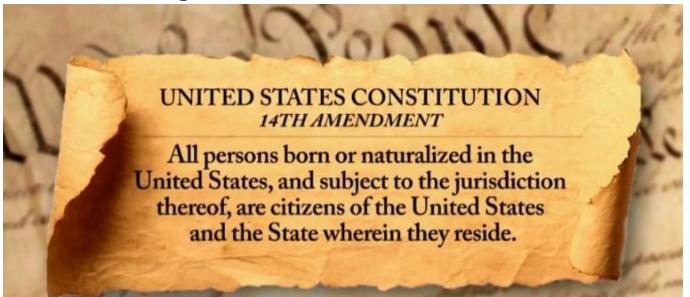
FREEDMEN's BUREAU | 1865 – 1872 (7 years)

**WHITE ANTAGONIST: President Andrew Johnson** 

# Q: What to do with black people? US Citizens? Not yet.

# 13th Amendment Section 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction. Section 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

**1868** Extend US citizenship to black and immigrant children born on US soil



This law covers **civil rights** for all US citizens. 14<sup>th</sup> amendment is the most cited law in court cases throughout modern history.



#### 1870

To this day, the 15<sup>th</sup> amendment is under attack, and has been since it was established.

**Q:** Why is voting in the United States **still** so difficult for many US citizens?

THE RIGHT OF CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES TO VOTE SHALL NOT BE DENIED OR ABRIDGED BY THE UNITED STATES OR BY ANY STATE. ON ACCOUNT OF RACE, COLOR, OR PREVIOUS CONDITION OF SERVITUDE. ~ FIFTEENTH AMENDMENT. United States Constitution Pois De Antonio

# POLITICAL WAR | IMPEACHMENT

Progressive "Radicals" vs Conservatives (status quo)

# **ISSUES Freedmen's Bureau**

13<sup>th</sup> amendment 14<sup>th</sup> amendment 15<sup>th</sup> amendment Firing of Secretary of War

Congress and the president fight over the future of the **United States** 

The New Hork Times

# STATUE OF LIBERTY New Statue of Liberty Museum Illuminates a Forgotten History

New York Times: May 15, 2019

The museum, opening Thursday on Liberty Island, reminds visitors of the vague and often dubious ideal of "liberty for all."

The statue opened with much fanfare on Oct. 28, 1886. That was six years before the government opened Ellis Island, the inspection site that more than 12 million immigrants would pass through in the decades to come.



# **INCLUSIVE AMERICA**



# **1865**

A divided nation begins anew:

White "RADICALS" tried to:

- REDESIGN
- REFORM
- RECONSTRUCT

... a new nation and **EMPOWER black people** to be productive, prosperous & self-sufficient.



# WARS AGAINST NATIVE AMERICANS 1622 – 1918

# Continuous wars over nearly 300 years

From the Powhatan conflict, which began in 1622 to the Trail of Tears (1838-39) to the massacre of Lakota Sioux Indians at Wounded Knee Creek by the US Army in 1890, up to the last known battles with Apache and Yaqui Indians in 1900, the ongoing war between white Americans and Native Americans totaled at least 278 years.

Native American history records wars between white Americans and Natives from 1622 to 1918.

#### **HOSTILITY TOWARD CHINESE**

Chinese people began arriving in the United States during the 1850s. They were recruited as much-needed laborers for gold mining, railroad-building, factory work, farming and fishing.

Following the Civil War, with hostile white attitudes toward nonwhites fueling surface tensions against black and Native Americans, Chinese laborers were targeted as well.

Although they represented a tiny fraction of the population, there was widespread belief that the Chinese were taking jobs from white Americans. In 1882, Congress passed the Chinese Exclusion Act, an overt racist legislative policy targeting Chinese people in America.

By 1887, the Chinese population in the US had dwindled from 39,500 to become virtually extinct, with a reported count of only 10

#### WAR AGAINST BLACK AMERICANS

In 1896, the Supreme Court ruled that segregation of the races was legal, upholding longstanding practices across the nation that was challenged in the courts.

This ruling officially established two separate and unequal Americas, one white, wealthy and privileged, the other black, poor and oppressed.

#### **WAR IMPACT**

Black Codes & broad community destruction Convict Leasing / false imprisonment Domestic Terrorism (KKK) Public lynchings / murders Denial of Rights / Economic sanctions Segregationist Laws, Policies and Practices







#### **1900s: HOSTILITY TOWARD ASIANS**

In the midst of a massive outflow of **CHINESE**, the US experienced an inflow of Japanese, Koreans, Indians and others from Asian regions flocking to America to fill the needs of the labor market. **By the early 1900s**, white hostility turned toward the Japanese and resulted in severe immigration restrictions.

**KOREANS** were particularly impacted due to being victimized twice over by racist white Americans in the US and Japanese colonizers who ruled their Korean homeland, forcing many to flee as refugees.

The white backlash to Asians in America was so severe that by 1924, nearly all Asians were excluded from access to citizenship and naturalization, owning US land, and even marrying white American women. The only exceptions were Filipinos.

Naturally, citizens of the Philippine Islands began migrating to the US in ever-increasing numbers to fill the void in the labor market as other Asians were pushed out. **This led to white hostility toward Filipinos** and congressional legislation in 1935 that placed an immigration limit of 50 Filipinos per year.

# 1942-52: HOSTILITY TOWARD JAPANESE

The most well-known targeting of **Asian Americans** occurred during WWII, when more than 117,000 Japanese, mostly Americans, were rounded up and placed into <u>internment camps</u> from **1942 through 1945**.

What isn't widely known is that Canada, Mexico, Brazil, Chile, Argentina and Peru all sent thousands of Japanese living in their countries to the detention camps in the United States. Families were arrested, assets frozen and the future for Asians in the US appeared to be certain doom.

Not until **1952** did Congress relent in its targeting of Asians through harsh immigration policies.

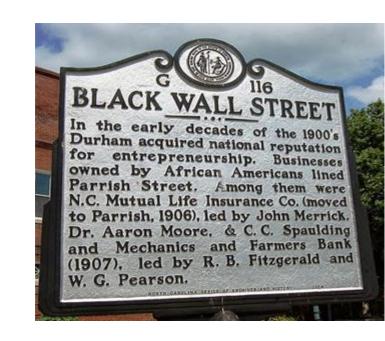
Source: Internment camps

#### THE GREAT MIGRATION

#### 6 MILLION BLACK AMERICANS FLEE SOUTHERN STATES

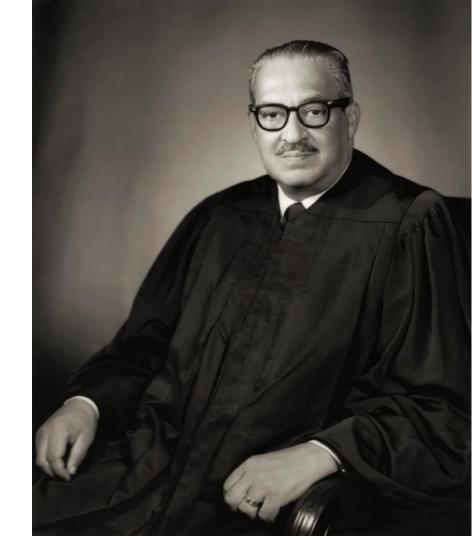
The Great Migration was the relocation of more than 6 million African Americans from the rural South to the cities of the North, Midwest and West from about 1916 to 1970.

Driven from their homes by unsatisfactory economic opportunities and harsh segregationist laws, many blacks headed north, where they took advantage of the need for industrial workers that first arose during the First World War.



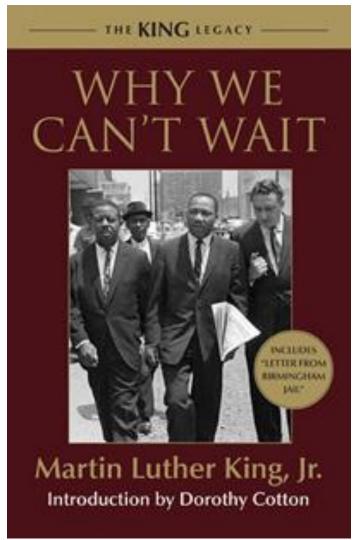
# BROWN V BOARD OF EDUCATION 1954

Desegregate schools with all deliberate speed!



# Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Nonviolent Warrior fighting against Segregation

When Dr. Martin Luther King was incarcerated in Alabama in **1963**, he wrote his famous *Letter from a Birmingham Jail* in which he invoked the term "**segregation**" 18 times.



For we have come to see that segregation is not only sociologically untenable, it is not only politically unsound, it is morally wrong and sinful.

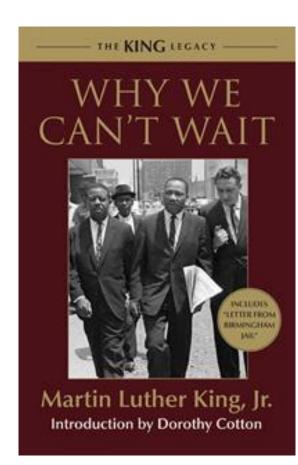
**Segregation** is a cancer in the body politic, which must be removed before our democratic health can be realized.

**Segregation** is wrong because it is nothing but a new form of slavery covered up with certain niceties of complexity. **Segregation** is wrong because it is a system of adultery perpetuated by an illicit intercourse between injustice and immorality.

...and all over the nation, we are simply saying that we will no longer sell our birthright of freedom for a mess of segregated pottage.

In a real sense, we are through with segregation now, henceforth & forevermore!

#### **DETROIT 1963**



"I am convinced that there is nothing more tragic than to sleep through a revolution!"



"There can be no gainsaying of the fact that a revolution has taken place in the world and in our nation and is sweeping away an old unjust order and bringing into being a new creative order.

The great challenge facing every man and every woman today is to remain awake through this great social revolution."

"Remaining Awake through a Great Revolution!"

Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.

Speech at California Western College (Now PLNU)

Spring 1964

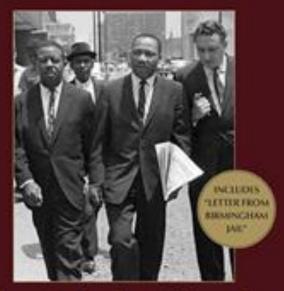
# THE NEGRO AMERICAN REVOLUTION: 1963 - ?

# 3 TRIGGERS

- 1. Pupil Placement Law nullified the Supreme Court Ruling Brown v Board of Education (current issue)
- **2. Housing Discrimination** was supposed to be "erased with a stroke of a pen," said JFK, who black voters supported in 1960 (current issue)
- **3. Banking discrimination** was left in place by JFK (current issue across America)

THE KING LEGACY -

# WHY WE Can't Wait



Martin Luther King, Jr.
Introduction by Dorothy Cotton

The case for national action

United States. Dept. of Labor. Office of Policy Planning and Research.

"The Negro American Revolution is rightly regarded as the most important domestic event of the postwar period in the United States.

"There have been few other events in our history - the American Revolution itself, the surge of Jacksonian Democracy in the 1830's, the Abolitionist movement, and the Populist movement of the late 19<sup>th</sup> Century - comparable to the current Negro movement. There has been none more important."



The case for national action

United States. Dept. of Labor. Office of Policy Planning and Research.

"The Negro American Revolution holds forth the prospect that the American Republic, which at birth was flawed by the institution of Negro slavery, and which throughout its history has been marred by the unequal treatment of Negro citizens, will at last redeem the full promise of the **Declaration of Independence.**"

The case for national action

United States. Dept. of Labor. Office of Policy Planning and Research.



"In this new period the expectations of the Negro Americans will go beyond civil rights.

"Being Americans, they will now expect that in the near future equal opportunities for them as a group will **produce** roughly equal results, as compared with other groups.

"This is not going to happen. Nor will it happen for generations to come unless a new and special effort is made."

The case for national action

United States. Dept. of Labor. Office of Policy Planning and Research.

#### There are two reasons.

**First**... the racist virus in the [WHITE] American blood stream still afflicts us:

Negroes will encounter serious personal prejudice for at least another generation.

The case for national action

United States. Dept. of Labor. Office of Policy Planning and Research.

"Second, three centuries of sometimes unimaginable mistreatment have taken their toll on the Negro people.

"The harsh fact is that as a group...they are not equal to most with which they will be competing.

"Individually, Negro Americans reach the highest peaks of achievement. But collectively, in the spectrum of American ethnic and religious and regional groups... Negroes are among the weakest."

The case for national action

United States. Dept. of Labor. Office of Policy Planning and Research.

"The most difficult fact for white Americans to understand is that in these terms the circumstances of the Negro American community in recent years has probably been getting worse, not better.

"Indices of dollars of income, standards of living, and years of education deceive. The gap between the Negro and most other groups in American society is widening." WHO can afford to compete in the arena of entrepreneurship when the price of entry is a "friends and family" round



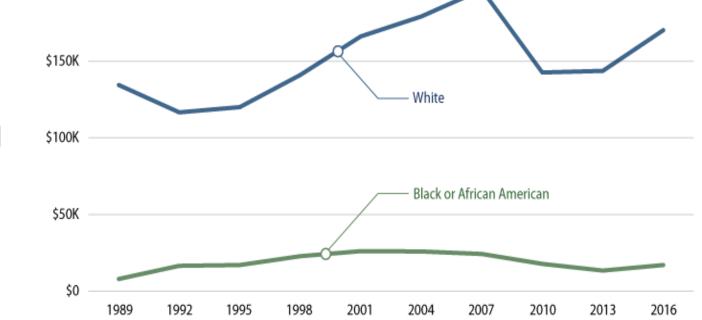
## Black or African American households hold significantly less wealth than white households Household wealth from 1989 to 2016, by race

Note: Shares are based on separate distributions for all white and black or African American households.

Source: Authors' calculations based on data in survey years from 1989 to 2016 from Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, "Survey of Consumer Finances (SCF)," available at https://www.federalreserve.gov/econres/scfindex.htm (last accessed October 2017).

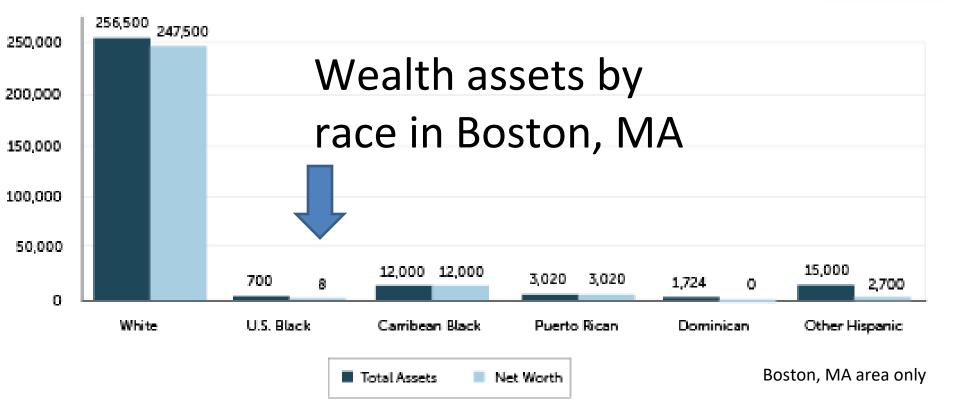
FIGURE A1

\$200K



**WHO can afford** to compete in the arena of entrepreneurship when the price of entry is a "friends and family" round of investment?





100 years later, the Negro still is not free.

100 years later, the Negro lives on a lonely island of poverty in the midst of a vast ocean of material prosperity.



#### 1963

Washington DC

"100 years later, the Negro is sadly crippled by the manacles of segregation and the chains of discrimination.

"So, we've come here today to dramatize a shameful condition!"

## SEGREGATION

1967

THE WEEK

- 34 states
- 164 cities
- 83 dead
- Thousands injured
- 67,000 whites flee
  - **Detroit in one year**
- (another 80,000 leave in '68)

"LONG HOT SUMMER"





1968

Detroit - Cobo Hall

"Segregation today, segregation tomorrow, segregation forever!"

MLK & Bobby Kennedy were both killed earlier that year

### MISSING HISTORICAL CONTEXT

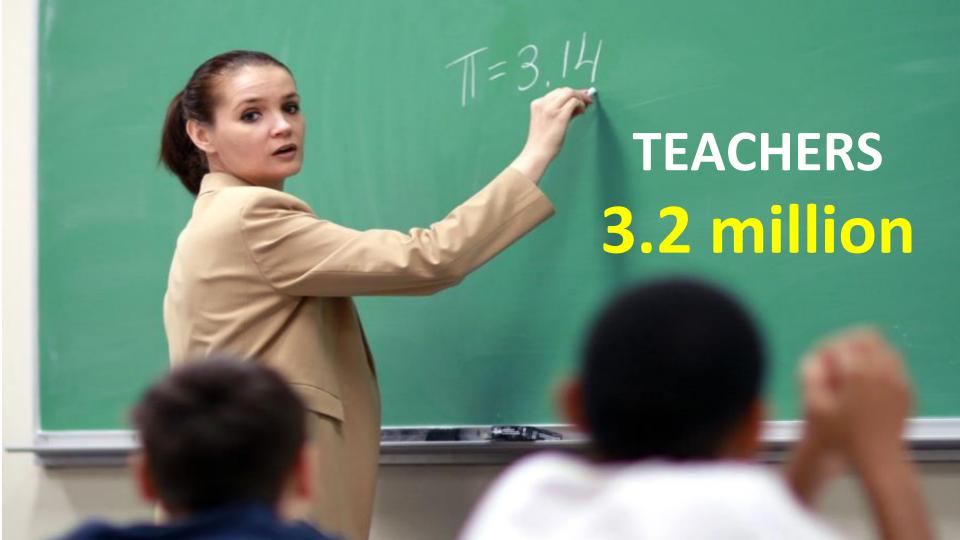
We're repeating the same narratives we were told



We can't teach what we don't know.

Each generation passes on what they were taught







# Shifting racial demographics requires a paradigm shift in teaching students

TEACHERS (3.2 million)		STUDENTS (51 million)
80.1%	WHITE	48.2%
8.8%	Hispanic	26.4%
6.7%	Black	15.3%
2.3%	Asian	5.1%
1.4%	2+ races	3.6%
0.4%	American Indian/Alaska Nativ	
0.2%	Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islan	der <b>0.4%</b> National Center for Education Statistics

#### Smithsonian.com

SMARTNEWS HISTORY SCIENCE INGENUITY ARTS & CULTURE TRAVEL AT THE SMITHSONIAN PHOTOS VIDEO GAMES SUBSCRIBE BOOK SHOT

## The 1968 Kerner Commission Got It Right, But Nobody Listened

Released 50 years ago, the infamous report found that poverty and institutional racism were driving inner-city violence

Bad policing practices, a flawed justice system, unscrupulous consumer credit practices, poor or inadequate housing, high unemployment, voter suppression, and other culturally embedded forms of racial discrimination all converged to propel violent upheaval on the streets of African-American neighborhoods in American cities, north and south, east and west.

And as black unrest arose, inadequately trained police officers and National Guard troops entered affected neighborhoods, often worsening the violence.

"White society," the presidentially appointed panel reported, "is deeply **implicated** in the ghetto. White institutions **created** it, white institutions maintain it, and white society condones it."

#### We Can't Teach What We Don't Know

As part of a broader study of the legacy of the antislavery movement and the rise of the modern civil-rights era, I wanted to assess how abolitionism had been presented in textbooks. I imagined a quick look. Instead, I found myself immersed in Harvard's collection of nearly 3,000 U.S. history textbooks, dating from about 1800 to the 1980s. Without intending, I had become engaged in a study of how abolitionism, race, slavery, and the Civil War and Reconstruction have been taught for generations.

After reviewing my first 50 or so textbooks, one morning I realized precisely what I was seeing, what instruction, and what priorities were leaping from the pages into the brains of the students compelled to read them: white supremacy. One text even began with the capitalized title: "The White Man's History."

Across time and with precious few exceptions, African-Americans appeared only as "ignorant negroes," as slaves, and as anonymous abstractions that only posed "problems" for the supposed real subjects of history: white people of European descent. The assumptions of white priority, white domination, and white importance underlie every chapter and every theme of the thousands of textbooks that blanketed the country. This is the vast tectonic plate that underlies American culture. And while the worst features of our textbook legacy may have ended, the themes, facts, and attitudes of supremacist ideologies are deeply embedded in what we teach and how we teach it.

#### THE CHRONICLE OF HIGHER EDUCATION

THE CHRONICLE REVIEW

#### **Textbook Racism**

How scholars sustained white supremacy



#### **How Scholars Sustained White Supremacy**

I found myself immersed in Harvard's collection of nearly 3,000 U.S. history textbooks, dating from about 1800 to the 1980s.

One morning I realized precisely what I was seeing, what instruction, and what priorities were leaping from the pages into the brains of the students compelled to read them: white supremacy. One text even began with the capitalized title: "The White Man's History."

#### **How Scholars Sustained White Supremacy**

The assumptions of white priority, white domination, and white importance underlie every chapter and every theme of the thousands of textbooks that blanketed the country.

This is the vast tectonic plate that underlies American culture.

### A model for every

US mayor.

# or I fick

# Urban Redevelopment in the U.S Has Too Often Been About Removing the Poor – Not About Building a City for Everyone



In 2017, Detroit Mayor Mike Duggan <u>presented a history</u> of Detroit's segregationist war on its black residents.



THINK...

**WHO** will benefit from your vision, strategy and planning?



We now know where we are and how we got here, but ...

## WHERE ARE WE GOING?



Equitable Inclusive Ecosystems are **new** to all regions.



Whatever your plan is, it will be an improvement.







## IMAGINE

Single family + multi family options Multicultural, Multiracial, Multiethnic Broad socioeconomic range (HHI) Broad housing affordability range Owners and renters / High ratio homeownership Community parks / open safe spaces, walkable High quality schools / after school options Easily accessible public transportation

#### **IMAGINE a SOCIETY**

**Prioritizes** uplifting its most vulnerable people

Identifies & disrupts
segregationist policies
& practices

**Develops** inclusive, equitable communities that improve the quality of life for all



#### **HUMAN CAPITAL**

**Productivity** comes from the cultivation of human capital to reach their highest potential.

When people of color are enabled and empowered to reach their highest potential, what can they achieve and how can they contribute to the prosperity of the whole society?





#### Miriam Rivera: Changing the **Venture Capital Diversity Equation**

November 16, 2017 | Sharon Driscoll Fall 2017 - Issue 97 | In Focus



"We're not sacrificing anything by investing in women and minorities," says

"Our ability to look at startups objectively and pick the ones with great potential makes us a top-performing fund."

**DAVID DRUMMOND** has been called "the world's luckiest lawyer."

That's because while working as a partner at a Bay Area law firm, Drummond was introduced to two Stanford grad students named Larry Page and Sergey Brin who had a big idea.

He was ultimately hired to legally incorporate Google and help the cofounders find funding.

By 2002, Drummond would officially join Google, and, as its top lawyer, help it go public in 2004.

Today, Drummond serves as senior VP of corporate development and chief legal officer of Alphabet, Google's parent company.





# 50 MULTICULTURAL LEADERS IN TECHNOLOGY

Special Advisor to venture capital firm Andreesen Horowitz

Mentor to Ben Horowitz

**CEO of Saama Technologies** 

Before there was a "Silicon Valley," Ken was a technology leader in the region

#### **Kenneth Coleman**





#### ROBERT F. SMITH

Founder, Chairman & Chief Executive Officer | Vista Equity Partners | Austin

Robert F. Smith is the Founder, Chairman, and CEO of Vista Equity Partners. He directs Vista's investment strategy and decisions, firm governance, and investor relations. Vista currently manages equity capital commitments of over \$52 billion and oversees a portfolio of over 60 software companies that employ more than 70,000 people worldwide. Since Vista's founding in 2000, Mr. Smith has overseen more than 415 completed transactions by the firm representing over \$130 billion in transaction value. In 2017, Smith was named by Forbes as one of the 100 Greatest Living Business Minds.



Founder, Vista Equity
Manages \$52B+ in capital investments
Employs 70,000+ workers
Transactions value = \$130B

## FORBES LIST: 100 GREATEST LIVING BUSINESS MINDS



Michelle Depass, CEO
Meyer Memorial Trust
Portland, Oregon
\$800M Endowment

Manages Investments and Philanthropy



LEADERSHIP TRANSITION

Meyer's new CEO

FEBRUARY 8, 2018



MEYER

Mission

Equity + Inclusion

Our Approach

Our History

Team

Trustees

Contact



#### Rukaiyah Adams

Chief Investment Officer She / Her radams@mmt.org

"Don't grow a wishbone, daughter, where your backbone ought to be."

Clementine Paddleford

#### Rukaiyah Adams, CIO

Meyer Memorial Trust
Manages \$800M investment portfolio

#### AMERICAN BLACK JOURNAL

W.K. Kellogg Foundation C.E.O. La June Montgomery Tabron

Season 43 Episode 12 | 26m 46s

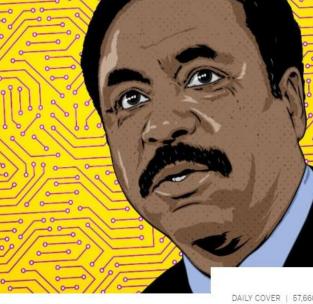
For the first time in its 84-year history, the W.K. Kellogg Foundation is being led by an African-American woman. We talk with the Foundation's President and C.E.O., La June Montgomery Tabron, about growing up in inner-city Detroit with nine siblings, and her incredible journey to the top of one of the most prominent philanthropic foundations in the country. Episode 4312.

# La June Montgomery Tabron, CEO Kellogg Foundation \$7.3B Endowment First black women to lead the Kellogg Foundation



Forbes

Billionaires Innovation Leadership Money Business Small Business Lifestyle Lists Advisor Featured More



"All those groups beating a path to St. Louis resulted in \$11.2 billion in revenue last year and an estimated profit of \$700 million. Kavanaugh owns 36% of the company, a \$2.1 billion stake, and Steward has 59%, \$3.4 billion [EQUITY SHARE].

"For some perspective, Steward's \$3 billion stake in World Wide Tech makes him the second-wealthiest African-American in America, richer than Oprah (\$2.6 billion) and Michael Jordan (\$1.9 billion)."

David Steward, Chairman World Wide Technologies

The Billionaires Behind The Secret Tech Mecca In America's Heartland



Jim Kavanaugh, CEO WorldWide Technologies Community Foundation for Muskegon County

# annual gathering

Nov. 14, 2019

Frauenthal Theater HILT BUILDING BALLROOM



# **Building an Inclusive and Equitable Community for Local Prosperity**

### INCLUSIVE PROSPERITY WORKSHOP



Jamie Bracey Green, PhD
Director, Center for Inclusive
Competitiveness® (CIC)
Temple University

Mike Green
Co-founder
ScaleUp Partners LLC





Pieces of the puzzle for building inclusive economic ecosystems

First-of-its-kind university-based hub for developing high school and college students for tech-skilled workforce and entrepreneurship pipelines in the Innovation Economy.



#### Big Ideas related to Inclusive Competitiveness



While we (Americans) sit around wallowing in racial negativity and diminished productivity, the rest of the world is saying...















Imagine Muskegon as a World Class City that "ain't got time" for debilitating & exclusionary policies, practices and programs.

- Futuristic ~ 100 years ahead
  - The "Wakanda" Effect

The ties that bind



### 4 Chapters

- Community engagement
- Protest mobilization
- Legal push for civil rights
- Economic Inclusion



21st century competitiveness

#### Media Mogul Byron Allen's Masterclass

on Economic Inclusion



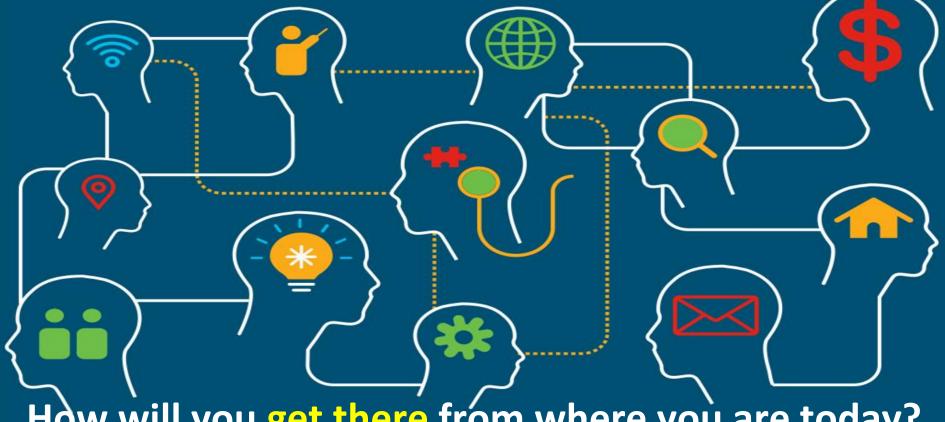
- Mrs. Coretta Scott King mentored him
- America's Growth Requires Proper Education & Access to Capital
- He's taken responsibility for advancing the 4<sup>th</sup> Chapter in America
- VISION DREAM: fully maximize each person's potential as God wills

### WHAT'S MUSKEGON'S VISION?



How will you know when it's been achieved?

### WHAT'S MUSKEGON'S STRATEGY?



How will you get there from where you are today?



Community Foundation for Muskegon County

# annual gathering

Nov. 14, 2019

Frauenthal Theater
HILT BUILDING BALLROOM



## JOIN US

### INCLUSIVE PROSPERITY WORKSHOP



Jamie Bracey Green, PhD
Director, Center for Inclusive
Competitiveness® (CIC)
Temple University

Mike Green
Co-founder
ScaleUp Partners LLC



Community Foundation for Muskegon County

# annual gathering

Nov. 14, 2019

Frauenthal Theater
HILT BUILDING BALLROOM



# LIMITED SEATING! MUST RSVP WITH FOUNDATION STAFF

### INCLUSIVE PROSPERITY WORKSHOP



Jamie Bracey Green, PhD
Director, Center for Inclusive
Competitiveness® (CIC)
Temple University

Mike Green
Co-founder
ScaleUp Partners LLC







community foundation

#### **Muskegon County**

Community Foundation for Muskegon County

## annual gathering

Building an
Inclusive and
Equitable
Community for
Local Prosperity



### community foundation

### **Muskegon County**